

Covenant Theology: A Baptist Distinctive

Lesson Three

What are the three basic divisions of Covenant Theology? Briefly explain each.

1. The Covenant of Redemption –

2. The Covenant of Works –

3. The Covenant of Grace –

The Covenant of Redemption

What is “*divine condescension*” and why is it important to our understanding of God and His word?

Psalm 2:6-8 - *“As for me, I have set my King on Zion, my holy hill. I will tell of the decree: The LORD said to me, “You are my Son; today I have begotten you. Ask of me, and I will make the nations your heritage, and the ends of the earth your possession.”*”

What example(s) of divine condescension (if any) can be seen in this passage?

When Jesus speaks about “*as many*” (John 17:2) or “*all that the Father has given Me*” (John 6:37, 39, 20:29, 17:9, 24, et al.), when were these given to Him?

In Luke 22:22, Jesus says, “*For the Son of Man goes forth as it has been determined.*”
When was it “*determined*” that Christ would go forth to the cross?

How might one summarize the Covenant of Redemption in a single statement?

Who are the two primary parties in the Covenant of Redemption?

- 1.
- 2.

What two requirements appear in the Covenant of Redemption?

- 1.
- 2.

What promises were made to the Son in the Covenant of Redemption?

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

What two rewards did the Father promise Christ in the Covenant of Redemption?

- 1.
- 2.